

Hydro-meteorological and Flood Monitoring Bulletin: Jan 3rd Assessment & Feb 1st Dekad Impact Outlook, 2026



Forward

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This Dekedal Hydro Meteorological Bulletin is prepared and disseminated by the Ethiopia Meteorological institute (EMI). The ultimate objective of producing and disseminating this bulletin is to inform all level decision makers with the updated and relevant hydro meteorological information. This Dekedal Bulletin reviews the January 21-31, 2026-month climate condition and its impacts over the river catchment across the country and highlights the February 01-10, 2026 climate outlook along with the likely impact over the water dams and the rivers basins.

The information contained in this bulletin is believed to assist the water professionals for planning the capacity expansion of reservoirs, water supply, ecosystem restoration as well as rehabilitation of existing systems including dams, irrigation, canals, pumps, wetlands and the likes. In addition to the aforementioned benefit the bulletin also reveals the aridity levels of each basin, extremes heavy rainfall events and areas where significant amount of moistures loss through evapotranspiration. In the impact outlook section of the bulletin it provides the likelihood of the climate in the coming month and its potential impact over various aspect of the river basins including the hydraulic structures such as culverts, bridges, reservoir spillways, road embankments and dikes. It also indicates the measures need to be taken as the early actions so as to reduce the possible negative impact of the upcoming month climate condition. Meanwhile, your comments and constructive suggestions are highly appreciated to make the objectives of this bulletin a success.



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1. Introduction

The provision of hydro meteorological services can contribute a significant role toward water resource management and socio-economic development. Both surface water and groundwater management are essentially linked to climate variability. Therefore, the provided climate information and knowledge in this monthly hydro meteorological bulletin have a critical importance for efficient, equitable and sustainable development and management of the national water resources and for coping with any climate related risks. The information illustrates the impact of previous month climate on each and every water basins and the associated climate risks observed during the month under review. In addition to the previous month impact assessment, the bulletin also provided the expected climate condition for the coming months and its impact on the water resource. The design of water-use and flood-control facilities, mainly dams and reservoirs, is frequently based on these analyses. Estimating the likelihood of precipitation, the distribution of precipitation and the rate of evaporation in location and time, the heavy rainfall and the subsequent runoff, extreme temperature and wind are among issues that hydro meteorologists are concerned with.

1.1 Hydro-Meteorological Impact Assessment (January 21-31, 2026)

Hydrometeorological analyses indicate that during the last eleven days of January, most river basins of the country were under arid conditions. However, limited areas in the Middle Omo-Gibe, Upper Wabi Shebelle, and some parts of the Middle Abay basins experienced relatively higher surface moisture conditions. This situation made a moderate contribution to the improvement of local water resource availability in those areas. On the other hand, the majority of the Abay, Tekeze, Awash, Rift Valley, Wabi Shebelle, Aysha, Merib-Gash, and Ogaden basins remained dominated by the arid Bega season conditions throughout the period, indicating soil moisture deficit, and reduced basin water productivity.

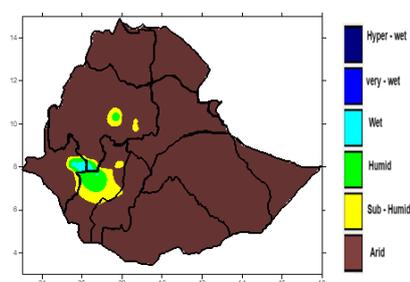


Figure 1 Dekad Hydro-Meteorological Assessments from January 21-31, 2026



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1.2 Hydro-Meteorological Impact Outlook (February 01-10, 2026)

During the first ten days of February, low surface water flow is expected in some river basins. To minimize potential risks and make effective use of better surface water flow status, the following basin-specific hydrometeorological advisories should be properly implemented.

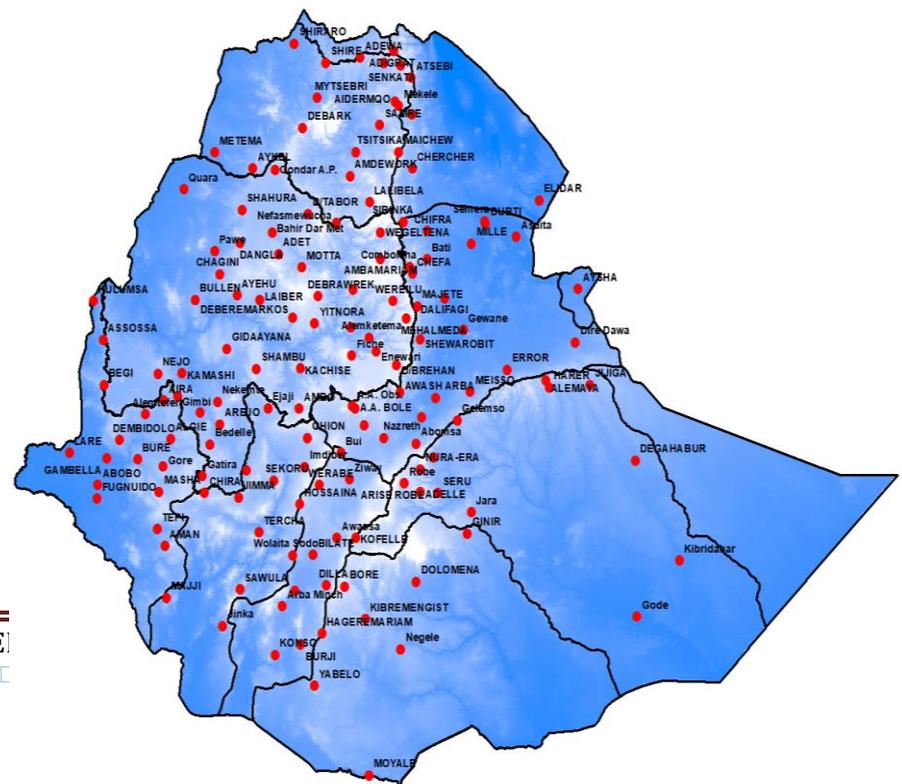
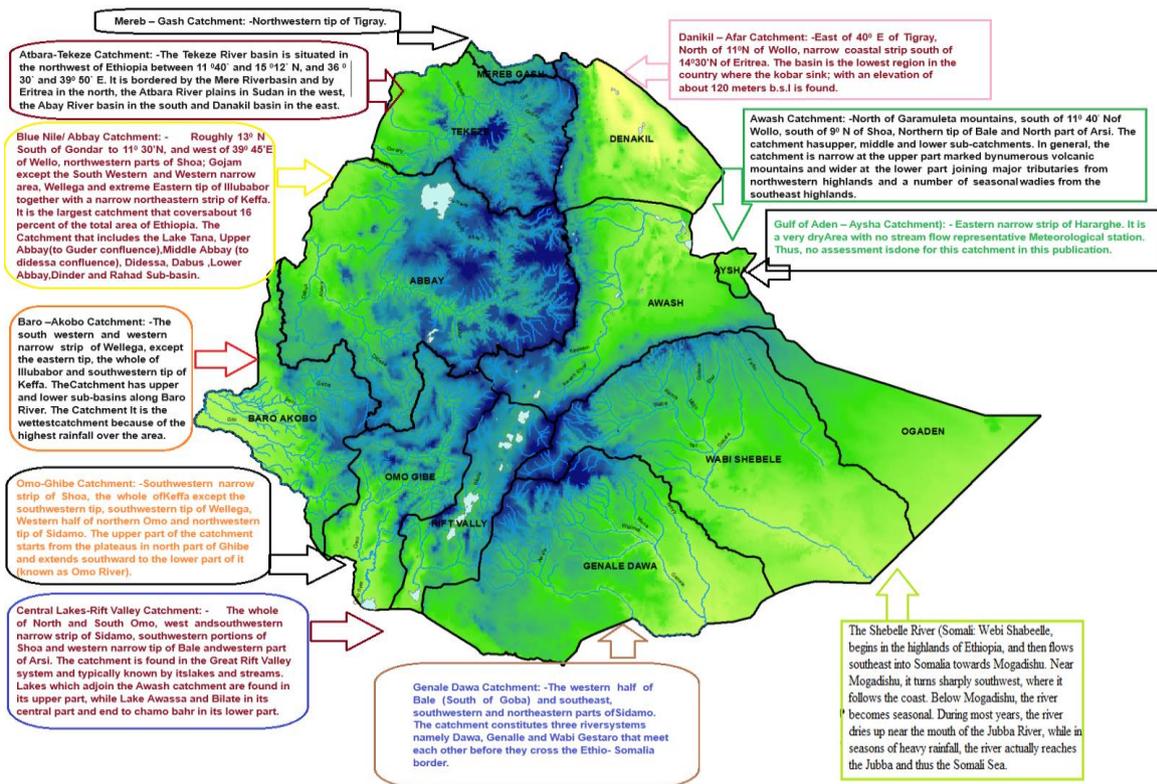
River Basins	Moisture Condition	Positive Impact	Negative Impact	Hydrometeorological Advisory
Upper & Middle Omo-Gibe, Upper Rift Valley, Middle Abay, Upper Genale-Dawa and Awash	Moderate to slightly moist	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduced risk of flood and sediment transport 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decline in water volume • Relatively increased evaporation • Reduced water levels in hydropower reservoirs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Protect available water from wastage and contamination • Properly store and manage available water
Most parts of Tekeze, Awash, Wabi Shebelle, Genale-Dawa, Afar-Danakil, Mereb-Gash, Ogaden, and Aysha	Arid condition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduced risk of flood and sediment transport • Reduced risk of water pollution and soil erosion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decrease in drinking water availability • Reduction of water levels in rivers and other water bodies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use water properly and economically • Prioritize water use only for essential needs



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